

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:41:16 ON 06 FEB 2002)

FILE 'EUROPATFULL, PCTFULL, USPATFULL, USPAT2, WPIDS' ENTERED AT  
14:41:58

ON 06 FEB 2002

L1 259 S BIPHOSPHONATE#  
L2 1572 S L1 OR ALENDRONATE OR IBANDRONATE OR RISEDRONATE OR ?DRONATE  
L3 1 S L2 (20A) PHOSPHOLIPID  
L4 3 S L2 (S) PHOSPHOLIPID

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 14:49:30 ON 06 FEB 2002

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:49:38 ON 06 FEB 2002

L5 4 S L4

FILE 'MEDLINE, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 14:53:19 ON 06 FEB 2002

L6 12 S L4

L7 6 DUP REM L6 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=>'d his

.(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:51:00 ON 28 APR 2003)

FILE 'EUROPATFULL, PATDPAFULL, PCTFULL, USPATFULL, USPAT2, WPIDS'  
ENTERED

AT 11:51:27 ON 28 APR 2003

L1 1313 S ALENDRONATE OR RISEDRONATE OR TILUDRONATE OR IBANDRONATE  
L2 17 S L1(S) (NSAID)

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:789614 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:290229

TITLE: Effect of bisphosphonates on surface hydrophobicity and phosphatidylcholine concentration of rodent gastric mucosa

AUTHOR(S): Lichtenberger, Lenard M.; Romero, Jimmy J.; Gibson, George W.; Blank, Marion A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Integrative Biology & Pharmacology, The University of Texas Medical School at Houston, Houston, TX, 77030, USA

SOURCE: Dig. Dis. Sci. (2000), 45(9), 1792-1801

CODEN: DDSCDJ; ISSN: 0163-2116

PUBLISHER: Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

AB Bisphosphonates are a family of chem. related zwitterionic mols. that are used clin. to retard bone resorption in individuals with osteoporosis and assocd. skeletal diseases. Inflammation and ulceration of the upper gastrointestinal tract by a mechanism that relates to a topical irritant action is assocd. with the consumption of some bisphosphonates. In the present study, the authors investigated the effects of 3 bisphosphonate mols., pamidronate, alendronate, and risedronate on the surface hydrophobicity and phosphatidylcholine (PC) concn. of the antral mucosa. The authors also examd. how these surface changes related to mucosal injury in an established rat model, in which the test compds. were administered in combination with indomethacin. The authors initially detd. that a combination of pamidronate (300 mg/kg) and indomethacin (40 mg/kg) induced a redn. in mucosal surface hydrophobicity and macroscopic lesion formation by 15 min and mucosal PC concn. by 30 min, with the magnitude of these changes increasing over the 4-h study period. An equivalent dose of alendronate or risedronate in combination with indomethacin produced modest or no macroscopic injury, resp., to the antral mucosa over the 4-h study, although the bisphosphonates clearly induced surface injury and some glandular necrosis when examd. at the light microscopic level. These bisphosphonates also induced modest decreases in antral surface hydrophobicity and mucosal PC concn. that appeared to be related to their injurious potential. In conclusion, the variable toxicity of bisphosphonates to the antral mucosa appears to be assocd. with their ability to compromise the surface hydrophobic phospholipid barrier of the tissue, with **pamidronate** > > > **alendronate** > **risedronate**. This bisphosphonate effect on the surface barrier may trigger the development of mucosal injury and possible ulceration.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94365426 MEDLINE  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94365426 PubMed ID: 8083541  
 TITLE: Liposome mediated depletion of macrophages: mechanism of action, preparation of liposomes and applications.  
 AUTHOR: Van Rooijen N; Sanders A  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Faculty of Medicine, Free University, Amsterdam, Netherlands.  
 SOURCE: JOURNAL OF IMMUNOLOGICAL METHODS, (1994 Sep 14) 174 (1-2) 83-93. Ref: 56  
 Journal code: IFE; 1305440. ISSN: 0022-1759.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands  
 Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 General Review; (REVIEW)  
 (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 199410  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19941021  
 Last Updated on STN: 19941021  
 Entered Medline: 19941012

AB Selective depletion of macrophages from tissues in vivo can be used to investigate whether these cells are playing a role in defined biological processes. This question is particularly relevant to various host defense mechanisms. We have developed a macrophage 'suicide' technique, using the liposome mediated intracellular delivery of dichloromethylene-bisphosphonate (Cl2MBP or **clodronate**). The method is specific with respect to phagocytic cells of the mononuclear phagocyte system (MPS)

for the following reasons: (1) The natural fate of liposomes is phagocytosis. (2) Once ingested by macrophages, the **phospholipid** bilayers of the liposomes are disrupted under the influence of lysosomal phospholipases. (3) Cl2MBP intracellularly released in this way does not easily escape from the cell by crossing the cell membranes. (4) Cl2MBP released in the circulation from dead macrophages or by leakage from liposomes, will not easily enter non-phagocytic cells and has an extremely short half life in the circulation and body fluids. In the present review, the preparation of Cl2MBP-liposomes has been described in detail. Furthermore, the mechanism of action of the new approach and its applicabilities are discussed.

AB . . . host defense mechanisms. We have developed a macrophage 'suicide' technique, using the liposome mediated intracellular delivery of dichloromethylene-bisphosphonate (Cl2MBP or **clodronate**). The method is specific with respect to phagocytic cells of the mononuclear phagocyte system (MPS) for the following reasons: (1) The natural fate of liposomes is phagocytosis. (2) Once ingested by macrophages, the **phospholipid** bilayers of the liposomes are disrupted under the influence of lysosomal phospholipases. (3) Cl2MBP intracellularly released in this way does. .

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 1  
ACCESSION NUMBER:  
TITLE (ENGLISH):

PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2002 MicroPatent  
2001076577 PCTFULL EW 200142 ED 20011030  
UNIQUE COMPOSITIONS OF ZWITTERIONIC PHOSPHOLIPIDS AND  
BISPHOSPHONATES AND  
USE OF THE COMPOSITIONS AS BISPHOSPHATE DELIVERY  
SYSTEMS WITH REDUCED GI  
TOXICITY

TITLE (FRENCH):  
ZWITTERIONIQUES

COMPOSITIONS UNIQUES DE PHOSPHOLIPIDES

ET DE  
BISPHOSPHONATES ET LEUR UTILISATION SOUS FORME DE  
SYSTEMES

D'ADMINISTRATION DE BISPHOSPHATES PRESENTANT UNE  
TOXICITE GASTRO-  
INTESTINALE LIMITEE

INVENTOR(S):  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):  
SYSTEM

LICHTENBERGER, Lenard, M.  
THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS

AGENT:  
LANGUAGE OF PUBL.:  
LANGUAGE OF FILING:  
DOCUMENT TYPE:  
PATENT INFORMATION:

STROZIER, Robert, W.

English

English

Patent

NUMBER KIND DATE

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WO 2001076577 A2 20011018

DESIGNATED STATES:

AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE  
ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC  
LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU  
SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZW GH GM  
KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ  
TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT  
SE TR BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

APPLICATION INFO.:  
PRIORITY (ORIGINAL):

WO 2001-US11375 20010406  
US 2000-60/195562 20000407

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999009991 PCTFULL  
 TITLE (ENGLISH): NOVEL AMIDE DERIVATIVES  
 TITLE (FRENCH): DERIVES AMIDES  
 INVENTOR(S): FUNAMIZU, Hidenori; ISHIYAMA, Nobuo; IKEGAMI, Satoru;  
 OKUNO, Tadashi; INOGUCHI, Kiyoshi; HUANG, Ping; LOEW,  
 Gilda, H.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): KAKEN PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.; MOLECULAR RESEARCH  
 INSTITUTE  
 LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English  
 LANGUAGE OF FILING: English  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
	WO 9909991	A1	19990304
DESIGNATED STATES:	AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE		
	ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC		
	LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU		
	SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH		
	GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT		
	BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF		
	BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG		
APPLICATION INFO.:	WO 1998-US17232		19980820
PRIORITY (ORIGINAL):	US 1997-08/916575		19970822

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 21  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2002 MicroPatent  
 1999004773 PCTFULL  
 TITLE (ENGLISH): METHOD FOR INHIBITING BONE RESORPTION  
 TITLE (FRENCH): PROCEDE D'INHIBITION DE RESORPTION OSSEUSE  
 INVENTOR(S): DAIFOTIS, Anastasia, G.; SANTORA, Arthur, C., II;  
 YATES, A., John  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MERCK & CO., INC.  
 LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English  
 LANGUAGE OF FILING: English  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
	WO 9904773	A2	19990204
DESIGNATED STATES:	AL AM AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CN CU CZ EE GE HR HU ID		
	IL IS JP KG KR KZ LC LK LR LT LV MD MG MK MN MX NO NZ		
	PL RO RU SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA US UZ VN YU GH GM		
	KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE		
	CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ		
	CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG		
APPLICATION INFO.:	WO 1998-US14796		19980717
PRIORITY (ORIGINAL):	US 1997-60/053351		19970722
	US 1997-60/053.535		19970723
	GB 1997-9717590.5		19970820
	GB 1997-9717850.3		19970822

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L4 3 S L2 (S) PHOSPHOLIPID

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L5 4 S L4

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L6 12 S L4

L7 6 DUP REM L6 (6 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

FILE 'EUROPATFULL, PCTFULL, USPATFULL, USPAT2, WPIDS' ENTERED AT  
15:02:26

ON 06 FEB 2002

L8 493 S L2 (S) OSTEOPOROSIS  
L9 193 S L8 (L) (GI OR GASTROINTESTIN?)  
L10 72 S L9 (L) TOXIC?  
L11 21 S L10 NOT PY>=2000

ethenylidenebisphosphonate, tetra-n-propyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate, dimethyl  
ethenylidenebisphosphonate, tetraheptyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate, dimethyl  
diethyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate, dibutyl dimethyl  
ethenylidenebisphosphonate, methyl tributyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate.  
**bisphosphonate** or ethyl tri-n-hexyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate.  
Substantially . . . part, with an equivalent amount of tetramethyl  
ethenylidenebisphosphonate, tetraethyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate,  
tetra-n-propyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate, tetraheptyl  
ethenylidenebisphosphonate, dimethyl diethyl  
ethenylidenebisphosphonate, dibutyl dimethyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate or  
**bisphosphonate**, methyl tributyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate or  
ethyl tri-n-hexyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate.  
Substantially . . . is replaced, in whole or in part, with an  
equivalent amount of tetramethyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate,

tetraethyl

ethenylidenebisphosphonate, tetra-n-propyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate,  
tetraheptyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate, dimethyl diethyl  
ethenylidenebisphosphonate, dibutyl dimethyl  
ethenylidenebisphosphonate, methyl tributyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate  
or ethyl tri-n-hexyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate.

CLMEN. . . amount of the amine is from about 10 to about 20 mole percent  
and the amount of the tetraalkyl methylene **bisphosphonate** is  
from about 10 to about 20 mole percent.



ACCESSION NUMBER: 221611 EUROPATFULL EW 198720 FS OS STA B  
 TITLE: Antimicrobial agents and process for their manufacture.  
 Antimikrobielle Mittel und Verfahren zu ihrer  
 Herstellung.  
 Agents antimicrobiens et leur procede de preparation.  
 INVENTOR(S): Degenhardt, Charles Raymond, 10555 Wellingwood Court,  
 Cincinnati Ohio 45240, US;  
 Charbonneau, Duane Larry, 7820 Devonshire Drive, West  
 Chester Ohio 45069, US  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): THE PROCTER & GAMBLE COMPANY, One Procter & Gamble  
 Plaza, Cincinnati Ohio 45202, US  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE NO: 200173  
 AGENT: Ernst, Hubert, et al, PROCTER & GAMBLE EUROPEAN  
 TECHNICAL CENTER Temselaan 100, B-1820 Strombeek-Bever,  
 BE  
 OTHER SOURCE: ESP1987016 EP 0221611 A2 870513  
 SOURCE: Wila-EPZ-1987-H20-T1  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Anmeldung in Englisch; Veroeffentlichung in Englisch  
 DESIGNATED STATES: R AT; R BE; R CH; R DE; R ES; R FR; R GR; R IT; R LI; R  
 LU; R NL; R SE  
 PATENT INFO.PUB.TYPE: EPA2 EUROPÄISCHE PATENTANMELDUNG  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE
EP 221611	A2	19870513
		19870513
EP 1986-201890		19861028
US 1985-795306		19851104
US 1986-855877		19860423

'OFFENLEGUNGS' DATE: 19870513  
 APPLICATION INFO.: EP 1986-201890 19861028  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1985-795306 19851104  
 US 1986-855877 19860423  
 DETDEN It has been found that certain novel tetraalkyl ethenylidene.shy.  
**bisphosphonates** are effective against a broad spectrum of  
 gram-.shy. positive and gram-negative microorganisms, such as bacteria,  
 yeasts, viruses, fungi and protozoa,. . .  
 The compounds suitable for conversion to tetraalkyl  
 ethenylidenebisphosphonates include tetraalkyl methylene.shy.  
**bisphosphonates** (mixtures of these compounds may be used). As  
 used herein, the term tetraalkyl methylenebisphosphonate refers to  
 compounds having the formula:. . .  
 Typically, . . . 20 to about 96 mole percent of formaldehyde.  
 Preferably, from about 10 to about 20 mole percent of tetraalkyl  
 methylene **bisphosphonate** is combined with from about 10 to  
 about 20 mole percent of the amine and from about 50 to about. . .  
 The . . . ethylene oxide content, forming a mix.shy. ture of  
 ether-esters.  
 17. Vegetable waxes including carnauba and candelilla waxes.  
 18. **Phospholipids**, such as lecithin and derivatives.  
 19. Sterols. Cholesterol, cholesterol fatty acid esters are  
 examples thereof.  
 20. Amides, such. . .  
 The . . . about 10,000 mg/kg per day, preferably from about 1 mg/kg  
 to about 250 mg/kg per day, of a tetraalkyl ethenylidene.shy.  
**bisphosphonate** described herein. This amount can be given in a  
 single dose or multiple doses repeatedly or sustained release dosages  
 over. . .  
 6.95g . . . refluxed for 46 hours. After the methanol is eliminated  
 as des.shy. cribed above in Example I, 4.72g of tetran-butyl  
 ethenylidene.shy. **bisphosphonate** is produced as a clear  
 liquid.  
 A . . . amount of tetramethyl ethenylidenebisphosphonate,  
 tetraethyl

effective in the treatment of Paget's disease, hypercalcemia of malignancy, osteolytic lesions produced by bone metastases, and bone loss due to immobilization or sex hormone deficiency. These same **bisphosphonates** are then tested in the resorption pit assay described above to confirm a correlation between their known utility and positive. . .

ACCESSION NUMBER: 528586 EUROPATFULL EW 199508 FS PS STA B  
 TITLE: Inhibiting osteoclast-mediated bone resorption using aminoalkyl-substituted phenyl derivatives.  
 Verhinderung der durch Osteoklasten verursachten Knochenresorption durch aminoalkylsubstituierte Phenylderivate.  
 Inhibition de la resorption osseuse causee par osteoclastes utilisant de derives phenylique substituee par aminoalkyl.  
 INVENTOR(S): Egbertson, Melissa S., 1232 Lois Road, Ambler, PA 19002,  
 18054,  
 US;  
 Gould, Robert J., 973 Gravel Pike, Green Lane, PA  
 US;  
 Hartman, George D., 1529 Tennis Circle, Lansdale, PA 19446, US  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): MERCK & CO. INC., 126, East Lincoln Avenue P.O. Box 2000, Rahway New Jersey 07065-0900, US  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE NO: 200479  
 AGENT: Barrett-Major, Julie Diane et al, Merck & Co., Inc. European Patent Department Terlings Park Eastwick Road, Harlow Essex CM20 2QR, GB  
 AGENT NUMBER: 50911  
 OTHER SOURCE: EPB1995015 EP 0528586 B1 950222  
 SOURCE: Wila-EPS-1995-H08-T1  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Anmeldung in Englisch; Veroeffentlichung in Englisch  
 DESIGNATED STATES: R CH; R DE; R FR; R GB; R IT; R LI; R NL  
 PATENT INFO.PUB.TYPE: EPB1 EUROPAEISCHE PATENTSCHRIFT  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO	KIND	DATE
EP 528586	B1	19950222
		19930224
EP 1992-307156		19920805
US 1991-743475		19910809
EP 85321 A		EP 272671 A
EP 437367 A		EP 478328 A

'OFFENLEGUNGS' DATE: 19930224  
 APPLICATION INFO.: EP 1992-307156 19920805  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1991-743475 19910809  
 REFERENCE PAT. INFO.: EP 85321 A EP 272671 A  
 EP 437367 A EP 478328 A  
 DETDEN. . . systems, such as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine or phosphatidylcholines.  
 The . . . systems, such as small unilamellar vesicles, large unilamellar vesicles and multilamellar vesicles. Liposomes can be formed from a variety of phospholipids, such as cholesterol, stearylamine or phosphatidylcholines.  
 The . . . Sato, M., et al., Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, Vol. 5, No. 1, 1990. That article teaches that certain **bisphosphonates** have been used clinically and appear to be effective in the treatment of Paget's disease, hypercalcemia of malignancy, osteolytic lesions produced by bone metastases, and bone loss due to immobilization or sex hormone deficiency. These same **bisphosphonates** are then tested in the resorption pit assay described above to confirm a correlation between their known utility and positive. . .  
 The . . . Sato, M., et al., Journal of Bone and Mineral Research, Vol. 5, No. 1, 1990. That article teaches that certain **bisphosphonates** have been used clinically and appear to be

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 12 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:19135 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods for the treatment of arthritis using  
phosphonates and NSAIDS

INVENTOR(S): Hovancik, Kristine, Binghamton, NY, United States  
Francis, Marion David, Cincinnati, OH, United States  
Underwood, Richard Allen, Hamilton, OH, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Proctor & Gamble Company, Cincinnati, OH, United  
States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 5869471		19990209
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1995-479787		19950607 (8)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-212376, filed on 11 Mar 1994, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-906726, filed on 30 Jun 1992, now abandoned		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted		
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Henley, III, Raymond		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Clark, Karen F., McMahon, Mary Pat, Winter, William J.		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	24		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
LINE COUNT:	2517		

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

SUMM The administration of **NSAIDs** and bone-active phosphonates has  
been suggested as a method for enhancing the anti-inflammatory activity  
of **NSAIDs**. Such treatments using **bisphosphonates** and  
**NSAIDs** are disclosed in the following references, all hereby  
incorporated by reference herein, U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,269,828, to Flora,  
et  
al.. . .